## Connecticut Mathematics Model Curricula Alignment

Resource Name: HMH Into Math Grade 1

| Alignment Grade 1 |  |  |  |  |
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| Model Unit Name | Model Unit Standards | Resource Unit(s) Number | Resources Lessons | Pacing |
| This is the title of the unit in the model curricula | These are the standards addressed in the unit | This is the unit(s) that aligns with the model unit from the resource | These are the lessons from the identified units that align to the standards within the model unit | This is the expected number of days for instruction |
| Addition and Subtraction Within 20 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1.OA.A. } 1 \\ & \text { 1.OA.A. } 2 \\ & \text { 1.OA.B. } 3 \\ & \text { 1.OA.B. } 4 \\ & \text { 1.OA.C. } 5 \\ & \text { 1.OA.C. } 6 \\ & \\ & \text { 1.OA.D. } 7 \\ & \text { 1.OA.D. } 8 \\ & \text { 1.MD.C. } 4 \end{aligned}$ | Modules 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 \& 7 <br> Module 3 <br> Module 3 <br> Modules 2 \& 4 <br> Modules 1 \& 2 <br> Modules 1, 2, 3, 4 \& 13 <br> Modules 3 \& 11 <br> Modules 2 \& 4 <br> Module 8 | $\begin{gathered} 1.1,1.7,2.1,2.6,4.6,5.1,5.2, \\ 5.3,5.4,6.1,6.2,6.3,6.4,6.5, \\ 6.6,6.7,7.1,7.2,7.3,7.4,7.5, \\ 7.6,7.7 \\ 3.3,3.4,3.5 \\ 3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5 \\ 2.4,4.1 \\ 1.2,2.2,2.3 \\ 1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6,1.7,2.4,2.5 \\ 2.6,3.7,4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.7 \\ 13.5 \\ 3.6,11.3 \\ 2.4,4.1,4.5,4.6 \\ 8.1,8.2,8.3,8.4,8.5,8.6,8.7 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 6 Weeks 2 Days <br> 3 Days <br> 1 Week <br> 3 Days <br> 1 Week <br> 4 Weeks <br> 2 Days <br> 1 Week <br> 1 Week 2 Days |
| Counting and Place Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1.NBT.A.1 } \\ & \text { 1.NBT.B.2 } \\ & \\ & \text { 1.NBT.B.3 } \\ & \text { 1.NBT.C. } 5 \end{aligned}$ | Module 10 Modules 9 \& 10 <br> Module 11 Module 12 | $\begin{gathered} 10.1,10.5,10.6 \\ 9.1,9.2,9.3,10.1,10.4,10.5 \\ 10.6 \\ 11.1,11.2,11.3,11.4 \\ 12.8 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 3 Days 1 Week 3 Days $\qquad$ |
| Exploring Addition and Subtraction Within 100 | 1.NBT.C. 4 <br> 1.NBT.C. 6 <br> 1.OA.B. 3 <br> 1.OA.C. 5 <br> 1.OA.D. 7 <br> 1.NBT.A. 1 | Modules 12 \& 13 <br> Modules 12 \& 13 <br> Module 3 <br> Modules 1 \& 2 <br> Modules 3 \& 11 <br> Module 10 | $\begin{gathered} \hline 12.1,12.3,12.4,12.5,12.6, \\ 12.7,13.1,13.2,13.4,13.6 \\ 12.2,12.3,13.1,13.3,13.4, \\ 13.6 \\ 3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5 \\ 1.2,2.2,2.3 \\ 3.6,11.3 \\ 10.1,10.5,10.6 \end{gathered}$ | 2 Weeks 1 Day <br> 1 Week 3 Days <br> 1 Week <br> 1 Week <br> 2 Days <br> 3 Days |


|  | 1.NBT.B. 2 | Modules 9 \& 10 | $\begin{gathered} 9.1,9.2,9.3,10.1,10.4,10.5 \\ 10.6 \end{gathered}$ | 1 Week 3 Days |
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| Defining Attributes of 2-D and 3-D Shapes | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1.G.A. } 1 \\ & \text { 1.G.A. } 2 \end{aligned}$ | Modules 14 \& 15 <br> Modules 14 \& 15 | $\begin{gathered} 14.1,15.1,15.2 \\ 14.2,14.3,15.3,15.4,15.5 \end{gathered}$ | 4 Days <br> 1 Week |
| Partitioning Circles and Rectangles | 1.G.A. 3 | Module 16 | 16.1, 16.2, 16.3, 16.4 | 4 Days |
| Measuring Length with Non-Standard Units | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1.MD.A. } 1 \\ & \text { 1.MD.A. } 2 \end{aligned}$ | Module 17 <br> Module 17 | $\begin{aligned} & 17.1,17.2 \\ & 17.3,17.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { Days } \\ & 2 \text { Days } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Time to the Hour and Half-Hour | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1.MD.B. } 3 \\ & \text { 1.G.A. } 3 \end{aligned}$ | Module 18 <br> Module 16 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 18.1,18.2,18.3,18.4 \\ & 16.1,16.2,16.3,16.4 \end{aligned}$ | 4 Days <br> 4 Days |
| Scope and Sequence |  |  |  |  |
| If a district uses this resource to implement the state model curriculum for grade 6, the following scope and sequence should be followed to ensure alignment and attention to the progressions of mathematics. |  |  |  |  |
| Order | Unit Number/Title and Lessons | Lesson Objectives | \# of days (assume 1 hour of instruction) | Number of weeks |
| 1 | Lesson 1.1 Represent Addition | Solve addition word problems and represent addition in different ways, such as with objects, drawings, and equations. | 1 |  |
| 2 | Lesson 1.2 Count On | Use counting on as a strategy to solve addition facts. | 2 |  |
| 3 | Lesson 1.3 Add 10 and More | Use ten frames to find the sum of 10 and a number less than 10. | 1 |  |
| 4 | Lesson 1.4 Make a 10 to Add | Use the make a ten strategy to solve addition facts. | 2 |  |
| 5 | Lesson 1.5 Add Doubles | Represent and solve doubles facts. | 1 |  |
| 6 | Lesson 1.6 Use Known Sums to Add | Use doubles facts to solve other addition facts. | 1 |  |
| 7 | Lesson 1.7 Choose a Strategy to Add | Apply strategies such as making a ten, counting on, and using doubles to solve addition word problems. | 2 | Module 1-2 Weeks |
| 8 | Lesson 2.1 Represent Subtraction | Solve subtraction word problems and represent | 1 |  |


|  |  | subtraction in different ways, such as with objects, drawings, and equations. |  |  |
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| 9 | Lesson 2.2 Count Back | Use counting back as a strategy to solve basic subtraction facts. | 2 |  |
| 10 | Lesson 2.3 Count On to Subtract | Use counting on as a strategy to solve basic subtraction facts. | 1 |  |
| 11 | Lesson 2.4 Add to Subtract | Use addition to solve basic subtraction facts. | 1 |  |
| 12 | Lesson 2.5 Use 10 to Subtract | Use making a ten as a strategy to solve basic subtraction facts. | 2 |  |
| 13 | Lesson 2.6 Choose a Strategy to Subtract | Choose a strategy to solve word problems involving basic subtraction facts. | 2 | Module 2 - 1 Week 4 Days |
| 14 | Lesson 3.1 Represent Addition in Any Order | Represent the Commutative property of addition for sums within 20. | 1 |  |
| 15 | Lesson 3.2 Add in Any Order | Understand and apply the Commutative property of addition for sums within 20. | 1 |  |
| 16 | Lesson 3.3 Represent Addition of 3 Numbers | Represent the Associative property of addition for sums within 20. | 1 |  |
| 17 | Lesson 3.4 Add 3 Numbers | Understand and apply the Associative property of addition for sums within 20. | 1 |  |
| 18 | Lesson 3.5 Add 3 Numbers to Solve Problems | Use the Associative property of addition to solve word problems within 20. | 1 |  |
| 19 | Lesson 3.6 Determine Equal and Not Equal | Analyze equations to determine whether they are true or false. | 1 |  |
| 20 | Lesson 3.7 Develop Fluency in Addition | Develop fluency for addition within 10. | 1 | Module 3-1 Week 2 Days |
| 21 | Lesson 4.1 Think Addition to Subtract | Use addition to solve subtraction facts. | 2 |  |


| 22 | Lesson 4.2 Represent Related Facts | Represent related facts using objects, pictures, and equations. | 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 | Lesson 4.3 Identify Related Facts | Understand how to determine if facts are related to each other. | 1 |  |
| 24 | Lesson 4.4 Use Addition to Check Subtraction | Use a related addition fact to check subtraction. | 1 |  |
| 25 | Lesson 4.5 Use Subtraction to Find an Unknown Addend | Use the relationship between addition and subtraction to find an unknown addend. | 1 |  |
| 26 | Lesson 4.6 Solve for the Unknown Addend | Use subtraction to solve word problems with an unknown addend. | 1 |  |
| 27 | Lesson 4.7 Develop Fluency in Subtraction | Develop fluency with subtraction within 10. | 1 | Module 4-1 Week 3 Days |
| 28 | Lesson 5.1 Represent Result Unknown Problems with Objects and Drawings | Use objects and drawings to show Add To and Take From Result Unknown problems, write equations that match the problem, and solve the problem. | 1 |  |
| 29 | Lesson 5.2 Represent Change Unknown Problems with Objects and Drawings | Use objects and drawings to show Add To and Take From Change Unknown problems, write equations that match the problem, and solve the problem. | 1 |  |
| 30 | Lesson 5.3 Represent Start Unknown Problems with Objects and Drawings | Use objects and drawings to show Add To and Take From Start Unknown problems, write equations that match the problem, and solve the problem. | 1 |  |
| 31 | Lesson 5.4 Solve Add To and Take From Problems | Use objects and drawings to show Add To and Take From Result Unknown, Change Unknown, or Start Unknown word problems and write | 2 | Module 5-1 Week |


|  |  | equations that match the problem and solve the problem. |  |  |
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| 32 | Lesson 6.1 Represent Total Unknown Problems with Objects and Drawings | Use objects and drawings to show Put Together Total Unknown word problems, write and equation that matches the problem, and solve the problem. | 1 |  |
| 33 | Lesson 6.2 Represent Both Addends Unknown Problems with Objects and Drawings | Use objects and drawings to show Put Together and Take Apart Both Addends Unknown word problems, write and equation that matches the problem, and solve the problem. | 1 |  |
| 34 | Lesson 6.3 Represent Addend Unknown Problems with Objects and Drawings | Use objects and drawings to show Put Together Addend Unknown word problems, write and equation that matches the problem, and solve the problem. | 1 |  |
| 35 | Lesson 6.4 Represent Total Unknown Problems with a Visual Model | Use visual models to show Put Together problems where the total is unknown, write an equation that matches the problem, and solve the problem. | 2 |  |
| 36 | Lesson 6.5 Represent Addend Unknown and Both Addends Unknown Problems with a Visual Model | Use visual models to show Put Together and Take Apart problems where one or both addends are unknown, write an equation that matches the problem, and solve the problem. | 2 |  |
| 37 | Lesson 6.6 Solve Put Together and Take Apart Problems | Use visual models to show Put Together and Take Apart problems, write an equation | 1 |  |


|  |  | that matches the problem, and solve the problem. |  |  |
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| 38 | Lesson 6.7 Solve Addition and Subtraction Problems | Solve Add To, Take From, Put Together, and Take Apart problems and write an equation that matches the problem. | 2 | Module 6-2 Weeks |
| 39 | Lesson 7.1 Represent Difference Unknown Problems with Objects and Drawings | Solve Difference Unknown word problems by comparing. | 1 |  |
| 40 | Lesson 7.2 Represent Bigger Unknown Problems with Objects and Drawings | Solve Bigger Unknown word problems by comparing. | 1 |  |
| 41 | Lesson 7.3 Represent Smaller Unknown Problems with Objects and Drawings | Solve Smaller Unknown word problems by comparing. | 1 |  |
| 42 | Lesson 7.4 Represent Difference Unknown Problems with a Visual Model | Solve Difference Unknown word problems by comparing using a visual model. | 2 |  |
| 43 | Lesson 7.5 Represent Bigger Unknown and Smaller Unknown Problems with a Visual Model | Solve Bigger Unknown and Smaller Unknown word problems by comparing using a visual model. | 2 |  |
| 44 | Lesson 7.6 Use Strategies to Solve Compare Problems | Solve all Compare problem types using strategies. | 1 |  |
| 45 | Lesson 7.7 Solve Addition and Subtraction Situations | Solve different types of addition and subtraction situation problems. | 2 | Module 7-2 Weeks |
| 46 | Lesson 8.1 Interpret Picture Graphs | Understand how to read a picture graph - where each picture represents one and use data shown by the picture graph to answer questions. | 1 |  |
| 47 | Lesson 8.2 Represent Data with Picture Graphs | Make a picture graph where each picture represents one and use data shown by the | 1 |  |


|  |  | picture graph to answer questions. |  |  |
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| 48 | Lesson 8.3 Interpret Tally Charts | Understand how data is shown by a tally chart and use data shown by tallies in a tally chart to answer questions. | 1 |  |
| 49 | Lesson 8.4 Represent Data with Tally Charts | Make a tally chart and use data shown by the tally chart to answer questions. | 1 |  |
| 50 | Lesson 8.5 Interpret Bar Graphs | Understand how to read a bar graph and use data shown by the bar graph to answer questions. | 1 |  |
| 51 | Lesson 8.6 Represent Data with Bar Graphs | Make a bar graph and use data shown by the bar graph to answer questions. | 1 |  |
| 52 | Lesson 8.7 Use Data to Solve Problems | Make and use a tally chart or bar graph to solve problems. | 1 | Module 8-1 Week 2 Days |
| 53 | Lesson 9.1 Make Ten and Ones | Represent numbers 11-19 as <br> 1 ten and ones using objects, drawings, and numerals. | 1 |  |
| 54 | Lesson 9.2 Understand Ten and Ones | Represent numbers 11-19 as 1 ten and some ones using objects and drawings. Write to represent equivalent forms of 1 ten and some ones. | 1 |  |
| 55 | Lesson 9.3 Make Tens | Represent groups of ten in the range 10-90 with objects, drawings, and numerals. | 1 | Module 9-3 Days |
| 56 | Lesson 10.1 Count to 120 | Count forward by ones from any number to 120 . | 1 |  |
| 57 | Lesson 10.2 Represent Numbers as Tens and Ones with Objects | Represent two-digit numbers as tens and ones using objects and numbers. | 1 |  |
| 58 | Lesson 10.3 Represent Numbers as Tens and Ones with Drawings | Represent two-digit numbers as tens and ones using drawings and numbers. | 1 |  |


| 59 | Lesson 10.4 Decompose Numbers in Different Ways | Show two-digit numbers and tens and ones in more than one way. | 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 60 | Lesson 10.5 Represent, Read, and Write Numbers from 100 to 110 | Read and write numbers from 100 to 110 and represent them as tens and ones using objects or pictures. | 1 |  |
| 61 | Lesson 10.6 Represent, Read, and Write Numbers from 110 to 120 | Read and write numbers from 110 to 120 and represent them as tens and ones using objects or pictures. | 1 | Module 10-1 Week 2 Days |
| 62 | Lesson 11.1 Understand Greater Than | Use concrete modeling with tens and ones to compare two-digit numbers and determine which number is greater. | 1 |  |
| 63 | Lesson 11.2 Understand Less Than | Use concrete modeling with tens and ones to compare two-digit numbers and determine which number is less. | 1 |  |
| 64 | Lesson 11.3 Use Symbols to Compare | Use place value and the symbols $>,<$, and $=$ to compare numbers. | 1 |  |
| 65 | Lesson 11.4 Compare Numbers | Compare two-digit numbers to solve problems. | 2 | Module 11-1 Week |
| 66 | Lesson 12.1 Represent Adding Tens | Add tens to decade numbers. | 1 |  |
| 67 | Lesson 12.2 Represent Subtracting Tens | Subtract tens from decade numbers. | 1 |  |
| 68 | Lesson 12.3 Add or Subtract Tens | Add and subtract multiples of ten from decade numbers. Write and solve equations that match the word problems. | 1 |  |
| 69 | Lesson 12.4 Use a Hundred Chart to Add | Use a hundred chart to add ones and tens to a two-digit number and write the | 1 |  |


|  |  | equation that matches the <br> problem. | Lesson 12.5 Represent <br> Addition with Tens and Ones | Use concrete models to add <br> multiples of ten or ones to <br> two-digit numbers and write <br> equations to solve the <br> problem. |
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| 79 | Lesson 13.6 Practice Two-Digit Addition and Subtraction | Solve word problems by adding two-digit numbers within 100 and by subtracting multiples of ten from multiples of ten. | 1 | Module 13-1 Week 1 Day |
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| 80 | Lesson 14.1 Describe and Draw Three-Dimensional Shapes | Describe, build, and draw three-dimensional shapes. | 2 |  |
| 81 | Lesson 14.2 Compose Three-Dimensional Shapes | Combine three-dimensional shapes to make composite shapes. | 1 |  |
| 82 | Lesson 14.3 Make New Three-Dimensional Shapes | Make a new combined shape by putting together multiple composite shapes. | 1 | Module 14-4 Days |
| 83 | Lesson 15.1 Sort <br> Two-Dimensional Shapes by Attribute | Use attributes to sort and describe two-dimensional shapes. | 1 |  |
| 84 | Lesson 15.2 Describe and Draw Two-Dimensional Shapes | Build and draw two-dimensional shapes using attributes such as straight sides and vertices. | 1 |  |
| 85 | Lesson 15.3 Compose Two-Dimensional Shapes | Combine two-dimensional shapes to make a composite shape. | 1 |  |
| 86 | Lesson 15.4 Identify Composite Shapes | Combine two-dimensional shapes to make a composite shape, including shapes that have straight and curved sides. | 1 |  |
| 87 | Lesson 15.5 Make New Two-Dimensional Shapes | Combine composite shapes to make a new shape. | 1 | Module 15-1 Week |
| 88 | Lesson 16.1 Take Apart Two-Dimensional Shapes | Show same-size shapes within a circle or rectangle. | 1 |  |
| 89 | Lesson 16.2 Identify Equal or Unequal Shares | Identify equal or unequal shares in a circle or rectangle. | 1 |  |
| 90 | Lesson 16.3 Partition Shapes into Halves | Separate circles and rectangles into halves and describe the whole as two of the shares. | 1 |  |


| 91 | Lesson 16.4 Partition Shapes into Fourths | Separate circles and rectangles into fourths and describe the whole as four of the shares. | 1 | Module 16-4 Days |
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| 92 | Lesson 17.1 Order Length | Order three objects by length. | 1 |  |
| 93 | Lesson 17.2 Use Indirect Measurement to Compare Length | Compare two lengths using the length of a third object indirectly. | 1 |  |
| 94 | Lesson 17.3 Use Nonstandard Units to Measure Length | Use nonstandard units that are the same size to measure the length of objects. | 1 |  |
| 95 | Lesson 17.4 Make a Nonstandard Measuring Tool | Use nonstandard units to make a measuring tool to measure the length of objects. | 1 | Module 17-4 Days |
| 96 | Lesson 18.1 Understand Time to the Hour | Tell and write time to the hour using analog clocks. | 1 |  |
| 97 | Lesson 18.2 Understand Time to the Half Hour | Tell and write time to the half hour using analog clocks. | 1 |  |
| 98 | Lesson 18.3 Tell Time to the Hour and Half Hour | Tell and write time to the hour and half hour on analog and digital clocks. | 1 |  |
| 99 | Lesson 18.4 Practice Time to the Hour and Half Hour | Practice telling and writing time to the hour and half hour on analog and digital clocks. | 1 | Module 18-4 Days |
| Supports of Diversity, Equity and Inclusion |  |  |  |  |
| Please provide any information relative to supporting culturally responsive instruction, multi-language learners, and students with disabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Into Math is a comprehensive instructional program that is specifically designed to support the diverse needs of all students, including those who are culturally and linguistically diverse, as well as those who need more supports. Into Math is built on a foundation of research-based instructional strategies and provides wealth of resources for teachers to support the learning of all students. <br> One of the key features of Into Math is the inclusion of learning mindset prompts, which encourage students to develop a growth mindset and believe in their ability to succeed in mathematics. These prompts are integrated throughout the program and provide students with the tools they need to persevere through challenges and become confident and successful learners. |  |  |  |  |

In addition to the learning mindset prompts, Into Math also includes guiding questions and supports for teachers to identify students who may require additional assistance or support. This allows teachers to provide targeted in time support and interventions to those students who need it most. Detailed information is provided to teachers about students' prior learning, current development, and future connections to be made, which enables teachers to differentiate instruction effectively.

A strong emphasis is placed on language development and provides teachers with a variety of resources, such as Three Reads, which support sense making, and suggestions for connecting language to various concepts, as well as key academic vocabulary for each module. These resources are designed to help teachers support the language development of multilingual learners and ensure that they have the language skills they need to access the mathematics curriculum.

Additionally, Into Math is designed to be culturally responsive and inclusive to all students. It provides teachers with resources and strategies to address cultural and linguistic diversity, and strategies for building positive relationships with students. This approach to instruction acknowledges and values the cultures, languages, and backgrounds of all students and helps to create an inclusive and equitable learning environment.

Into Math offers tiered interventions, additional practice, and math center options to support students with various learning needs. These interventions are designed to provide students with additional support and practice in areas where they may be struggling, and the math center options provide students with hands-on, interactive activities that help to make math more engaging and accessible.

